CONSTANTINE REPUBLICAN.

DANIEL MUNGER, Every Wednesday Morning, corner of Canaris an Water streets,—at his Printing-Office and Book atore, over the Bank. Stairs, south side.

TERMS 8 50, if paid in advance;
3 60, after the first 3 months; or, PER AND
3 50, at the end of the year.

MITHS & BOWMAN, having received a dare-supply to their former stock of Goods, which consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Cut-lery, Medicine, Crockery, School Books, Blank Books, Boots and Shoes, Looking-Glasses, Window Glass, 7 by 9, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12.

and 10 by 12.

All of which they offer for the lowest cash prices. They would also inform their friends and customers, both in St. Joseph and Kalamazoo Counties, that their Flouring mill will be in operation by the 6th February, when they will be ready to answer all orders for flouring and barreling, or grinding Custom work.

They would further give notice that all persons living on the south side of the river, and coming to mill for to trade at their store, they will give them a pass which shall pay their Ferriage across to and from Three Rivers.

Three Rivers, Jan. 30, 1837.

31tf

Intelly received a new supply of seasonable GOODS, consisting of merine circassians, commen colored do.; dark prints; sheetings; woolen blankets; Canton flannels; woolen socks; woolen gloves, lined cotton do; worsted comforters, &c. &c. Also, a supply of cotton batting, wicking, and wadding; which he will sell together with his former stock of goods, at the lowest prices for ready pay. RESH GOODS.—The subscriber has her with his locally pay.
C. L. MILLER.
20:

Constantine, Nov. 15, 1836.

JUST RECEIV-ED, a splendid as sortment of HARD-WARE, consisting of Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Rasors, Scisors,
Shears, Brass and Glass Commode Knobs, Pad, Trunk and Door Locks, Knockers, Door

nd Fastners, Candle Sticks, Pock. et Piatols, Screws and Screw Drivers. Britet Pistots, Screens and Screw Drivers. Britania and Tin'd Iron Table and Tes Spoons, overy variety of Hinges, Spurs, Curry Combs, Facets, Shweels and Tongs, 4c. 4c. 4c. Also, a great variety of Whips, Whipstocks, Riding Whips, 4c. 4c. For sale by ISAAC J. ULLMANN.

LIOWLER & COFFIN, BRISTOL, Mouth Little Elkhart, Ia., are now opening an extensive assortment of Goods to which they respectfully invite the attention of the public in this vicinity—among which, are Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Iron and nails, Crockery, Boots and shoes, Hats and Caps, ready made clothing, Drugs Medicines, &c. &c.; together with a variety of Goods, embracing almost every article adapted to the country trade, all of which they will sell at prices that offer inducements to customers. ments to customers.

N. B. Produce of all kinds taken in exchange

for goods. January 18, 1837.

MUSIC STORE.—MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS of every kines, and in
great variety, kept constantly on hand and for
sale at the Detect.—Bookstore, (old stand of S.
Wells, deceased) where these wishing to purchase are invited to call and examine for themselves. The following articles can be found
among the stock now on hand:
Two very superior German Violincelles,
Kent Bugles, Post Horns, Hunters' Pocket do.,
Flutes with from one to eight keys.

Pitch pikes, Tuning forks, Violin mutes,
Capo D'Astros, Guitars, with single and doub
le bottoms, small Bugles, Pandean Pipes,
Bugle crooks and shanks, Violin bridges,

Pegs and bows, Piano and Guitar strings,
Fifes, common and extra, Flageolets and Clarienets, Violina, an extensive assortment, among
which are to be found one of the celebrated
stamp of Breton! one of Claudot's famed instruments, and one containing the stamp of Thomson. Admirers of the Violin are invited to call and examine these celebrated instruments.

Just received as above a large assorment of PIANO MUSIC, well assorted;

Piano instructors, Preceptors for the flute, fife,
&c., Admired sirs for the flute, violin, kent

bugle and flageolet, Also, L'Accordeon, Mouth harmonicons, Portable music desks, Bass and snare drums

As soon as navigation opens, every addition which the market requires will be received, and the assorment kept full. Pianofortes will be constantly kept on hand, together with all the new music as soon as it is published. Music Associations will be furnished with every thing in this line, on the most reasonable terms.

L. L. MORSE.

Detroit, June 20, 1835. Detroit, June 20, 1836. 111

CABINET WARE HOUSE, Ten doors below the Mansion House, Main street. WM. GALLIGAN respectfully informs the public that he continues his business at the above stand, where he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand overy description of Casiner Work, comprising Sofas, Couches, Sidehoards, Secretaries, Bureaus, Book Cases, Wardrubes, Pier, Centre, Card & Toilet Tables, Scroll bottom Tea do. Ladies' Work do. and Stands, bottom Tea do. Ladies' Work do. and Stands, Music Stools, 4-c. On hand a full assortment of White and Egyptian Marble Tops, for Centre and Pier Tables, Bureau Tops and Wash Stands. Likewiso, every description of BEDSTEADS, and all other articles in the Cabinet line.

He has in his employment first rate workmen, and his materials are as good as can be procured in the country or in New-York, and he flatters himself that no shop in the western part of the state can turn out finer and more substantial

work, with greater promptitude.

He also keeps constantly on hand, Mahogany,
Curl Maple and Painted Grecian CHAIRS; likewise, Scroll, Crown, and Roll Top Fancy do., towise, Scroll, Crown, and Roll Top Fancy do., together with common Windsor, and most other
kinds, all of which will be sold twenty, five per
cent cheaper than can be purchased in this market.
Cook's Patent Mahogany Knobs, Mahogany
beards and veneers, and varnish, for sale at the
most reasonable prices. His friends are particuflarly invited to give him a call, and patronage
generally is respectfully solicited.
Buffalo, June 20, 1836.

N PRESS, A new edition of Practical and IN PRESS, A new edition of Fractical and Meatal Arithmetic on a new plan, in which mental Arithmetic is combined with the use of the slate: containing a complete system for all practical purposes; being in dollars and cents.—Stereotype edition, revised and enlarged with exercises for the slate. To which is added a practical System of Book-keeping. By Roswell C. Smith. SNOW & FISK, Detroit, D. DURGES & &O. Hartford. W. MARSHAL & CO. Philadelphia.

ONDON BOTANIC VEGETA-BLE SOAP, so justly cell-brated for its very superior qualities in extricting grease of eyery kind from gentlemen's clothing; also, oil, paint, tar, etc., without doing the least injury to either cloth or color. Bor sale by C. C. BRISTOL.

TROCERIES,—NEW SUPPPLY just received. Two half pipes Cognac Brandy, two do. St. Croix Rum, Loaf and Lump Sugar, Muscovado do., Cofee, Salaratus, Box Raisins, Pepper Sauce, Bar Seap, Spanish and Common Segars, &c. &c. for sale st reduced prices, by

DETROIT BOOK STORE. ceiving since the opening of navigation, and rea still receiving, their spring and summer supply of BOOKS & STATIONERY, consisting in part of the following:

the following:
Ainsworth's Dictionary,
Intellectual Powers, Moral Feeling,
Poor Rich Man, Melichampe,
Old World and the New,

Old World and the New,
Family Library, Edgeworth Works,
H. More's Works, Locke's Essays,
Mackenzie's Receipts, Smith's Grammar,
Public and Private Economy,
Aaron Burr, Falkner—a novel by Mrs. Shell;
Economy of Health, Sea Stories,
Pilgrim's Progress, a new edition,
Hieroglyphical Bible,
Wayland's Economy,
Pirate's own Book, Lafayette,
Sacred Poets, Harlan Page,
Holt's Missionary Ancedotes,
Great Teacher, Mammon,
Wayland's Philosophy,
Child at Home, Path of Peace,
Mother at Home, American Eloquence,
Modern Accomplishments,
Dick on Covetousness,
Political Class Reads Dick on Covetonsness,
Political Class Book,
Nevin's Memoirs, Student's Manual,
Young Man's Guide,
Young Mother, Social Cheir,
Man's Closet Library, Albums,
Dank's Hobrew, Graumar,

Bush's Hebrew Grammar, How's Works. Hebrew Bible, How's Works. Hobrow Bible,
Robinson's Gesenius, Eddy's Address
Day's Algebra, Goodrich's G. Grams
Painshau's Rome, Questions to do.
Æsop's Fables, Hane's Lectures,
Greek Reader, Deurborn's Byron,
Shakespeare, Bony's Architect,
Butler's Analogy,
Coleridge, Shelly, &c.
Marshall's Washington,
Gravon Miscellane

Crayon Miscellany,
American Gontlemen, Flint's Survey,
Heman's, Chalmer's Roger's, Kirby's Works,
Buckland's Geology, Book of Pleasure,
Milton, Young, &c. &c.
Lebrun's Telemaque,
Christian Manual, do. Companion,

Churchman's Manual, Guide to Fellowship, Chapman's Sermons, Protestant Questions, Young Disciple, Thornton's Prayers, Cotton on Country, Early Years of Hobart, &c. &c.

Early Years of Hobart, &c. &c.

Together with a very extensive assortment of
STATIONERY of the very best quality. PAPER of every description and the very best constantly on hand. Fine CUTLERY, Music and
Musical Instruments, QUILLS (a superior lot)
and a large assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS.

Detroit, June 14. RELIGIOUS WORKS,-Barne's

Notes, The Young Christian, The way to do good, Memoir of Bedell, Great Teacher, Beecher's Views in Theology, Philosophy of Benevolence, Doddridge's Rise and Progress, Every Day Duty,

Pastor's Testimony, At the new Book Store of BAGG, BARNS & CO. SCHOOL BOOKS.—A large and gener ir assentment of School Books of the later and best editions, including

Olney's Geography and Maps, Malte Brun's do do Woodbridge's do Mrs Willard's do Parley's Webster's Elementary Spelling Book, Vebster's old Emerson's do Hazen's Speller and Definer, Davis' Arithmetic, Colburn's Adams' Smith's

Emerson's Daboll's ware, &c. &c. Willett's Parloy's Parloy's History, first book, do 2nd and 3d, American Class Book,

Introduction to do oung Reader, nical Speaker, &c. &c. &c. by BAGG, BARNS & CO. For sale by BAGG, BARNS & Corner Woodward Avenue, near King's Corner 50 EVERETT'S ORATIONS for sale by BAGG, BARNS & CO. Woodward Avenue, near King's Corner.

Detroit, June 14. Tucker, for sale by BAGG, BARNS & CO. Woodward Avenue, near King's Corner

PLANK BOOKS,—Day Books, Legers, Memorandum Books, &c. for sale by BAGG, BARNS, & CO. Detroit, June 14, 1837.

TOILET CASES, Work Boxes, Porta ble Desks, of different sizes, and elegantly finished, just received at the new Book Store, on Woodward Avenue, below King's Corner.

Also, a great variety of other fancy Stationery for ludies.

BAGG, BARNS & CO. Detroit, June, 14,

TO BANKING & INSURANCE COMPANIES, MERCHANTS, AND OTHERS.—The subscribers have in operation a new Bindery, and are prepared to execute orders for FANCY BLANK BOOKS, for Banks, Merchants, and others, in superior style.

BAGG, BARNS & CO.,

Near King's Corner, Woodward Avenue.
Detroit, June 14, 1837. 50y

RY.—The New Book Bindery of the subscribers is now in full operation, and orders for Blank Work, of every description, will be thankfully received, and will meet with prompt attention.

B. Woodward Avenue, below King's Corner BAGG, BARNS & CO.
Detroit, June 14, 1837.

50y

—Miles' Pills, the Genuine Hygeian Medi-cine of the American College of Health, proves on trial to possess all the good qualities, and none of the deleterious consequences of Calomel. For sale by

sale by GEO. FREESE.
Volinia. District Agent.
Also, H. B. Houston, Kalamazoo; Milo Wins.
low, Allegan; Charles Gregory, Jonesville; Jas.
Herron, Charleston; Shoudler & Co., Coldwater;
Martin C. Whitman, Whitmanville; Kellogg &
Chapin, White Pigeon; W. A. Sanger & Co.,
Mottville; W. T. House & Co., Constantine;
Smith & Bowman, Three Rivers; James Smith,
Schoolcraft; Sub-Agents.

MILES PILLS AND JULEP. The Genuine Hygeian Medicine of American College of Health. The subsc American College of Health. The subscriber having been appointed District Agent for the west part of Michigan, for the sale of the above Medicine, and publications of said College, is prepared to appoint agents, on application, in all the different villages in his district.

Volum, Mar. 1 1837. GEO. FREESE.

150 POZEN PALM LEAF
wholesale or retail, as low as can be bought seith
specie, in any of the eastern cities. Merchants,
who are out of the article, are invited to call and
examine. ALLEN GOODRIDGE.
Constantine, May 30, 1837.

From the New-Yorker.

St. Joseph and the adjoining counties, that he still carries on the above business in all its varities have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous and as fine as any troes have grown as vigorous

cents; cherries 25 cents; peaches 6 to 13 cents; ous branches, at his old stand, one door east of the Presbyterian Church, where he has constantly on hand a good and general assortment of Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Circingles, Valices, Portmanteaus, Trunks and Carpe

Bags.
A fine assortment of HARNESSES, both of A fine assortment of HARNESSES, both of long and half tug; Brass and plated pleasure Harness, both double and single, which are made of first rate eastern stock, and for workmanship cannot be surpassed in the state. A choice assortment of Plated and Brass Trimmings kept constantly on hand to make up to order. A good selection of stirrup Irons, of brass, plated and polished steel. Also, a variety of polished steel and plated bridle bitts, spurs, &c.

Thankful for past favors, he hopes by a strict attontion to business, to merit a continuance of public patronage, which will be his constaut study to deserve.

to deserve.

N. B. All kinds of Carriages trimmed with neatness and despuch. Also, a first rate Saddle hand wanted immediately, to whom constant em-Ployment will be given. White Pigeon, April 19, 1837.

CHOOL BOOKS, a New Supply... Woodbridge's and Olney's Geographies & Atl.; Parley's Geography and Tales; [mars; Kirkham's, Murray's and Greenleaf's Gram-Daboll's,Ostrander's and Colburn's Arithmetic; Blake's Natural Philosophy; Introductory Reader, Juvenile Instructor. Constantine, July 27, 1836.

NEW AND CHEAP STORE.— MOORE, PRUTZMAN, & CO. have ust received and are now offering at the village occupied by William Mosser, a splendi ment of GOODS, consisting in part of Superfine blue and black cloths, William Mosser, a splendid asso

Green, brown and olive do., Cassimeres and petershams, Satinets and flanels, Fustians and Canton flanels, Bedticking, checks, &c. &c., Bleached and unbleached muslin Calicoes, ginghams and cambricks,

Wadding, rese and point blankets, Ready made clothing, Hats and caps, boots and shoes, Sugar, coffee, ten and mole Pepper, cloves, nutmegs, &c. An assortment of medicines, Logwood, coperas, alum and madder, Dry and ground white lead, Plug and fine cut tobacco,

So do. extra broad straps, 300 do. pump boots, 300 do. boots, 200 do. walking pumps, 300 do. boots, 100 do. extra meroece boots, light, 350 do dancing pumps, 150 do. sal pump boots, 100 do. walking pumps, 150 do. sal pump boots, 200 pairs men's stogg boots, 150 do. shoes, 50 do. boys' stogg boots, 150 do. shoes, 50 do. boys' stogg boots, 150 do. men's kip shoes, sewed, 200 do. boots, pagged, 200 pairs children's leather shoes, 100 do. meroece shoes, 300 pairs women's leather shoes, perfine gaiter boots, 300 do meroece obots, 150 pairs ladies' superfine gaiter boots, 50 do. col'd boots, 300 do. kid slips, 100 do. u'd moroece Grecian ties 350 do slips, 200 do. walking shoes, 250 do. prunella slips, 150 black satin slips, 150 do. white satin do 150 do. villagaties.

June 20, 1836.

King's Bench; but as he was not allowed to take any part in the proceedings, that being the province of the judges alone, he soon tirea of the thing. That monarch was so strongly addicted to loquacity, that to be prevented from speaking for any length of time, was the greatest punishment which could be inflicted upon him. He and Sir Peter Laurier would never have agreed about the silent system. The former would slips, 100 do. walking shoes, 250 do. prunella slips, 150 black satin slips, 150 do. white satin do 150 do. villagaties.

PECK & CONGER.

June 20, 1836.

King's Bench; but as he was not allowed to take any part in the proceedings, that being the province of the judges alone, he soon tirea of the thing. That monarch was so strongly addicted to loquacity, that to be prevented from speaking for any length of time, was agreed that he widow on this delicate point of politerose, it was agreed that he widow on this delicate point of the widow on this del

INAIRBANK'S PATENT PLAT-

which he may be favored.

Constantine, May 24, 1837.

N the 25th day of February, A. D. 1837,
Stephen W. Truesdell, Esq. was duly appointed Deputy Treasurer, for the county of St.
Joseph. He has the books and papers—and is generally at home, and will attend to any business appertaining to the duties of County Treasurer.

COLUMBIA LANCASTER,

LOST, in this village, a small diamond Broast Pin—the finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office.

Constantine, June 8, 1837.

trees have grown as vigorous and as fine as any I ever saw in any country, and it is so acknowledged by all who have seen them. I had fruit on some of these trees this year, viz: apples, plums, peaches, cherries, grapes and currants, and they produced as fine fruit as the same kinds do in the state of New-York.

The apples which were so famously extelled in the Constantine Republican of the fld of August last, from the New-Lowell Orchard, were from trees selected from the White I geon Morsery. I shall have grape and currant cuttings the flat of the foaming spray—

The lonely hum of the distant mart, In echo die away—

The chainless myriads of the deep!

Our gallant boat shall thus depart,

Amid the foaming spray—

The lonely hum of the distant mart,

In echo die away—

The lone of the found of Ruta Baga seed.

Prices:—Apple seedlings 8 cents; apple g>rafts

18 cents; pears 25 to 38 cents; plums 18 to 25

The lone of hum of the distant mart,
In echo die awsy—
Till its sounds are lost in the surge's roar, And our gaze grows dim on the

CURIOUS HISTORY OF THE KING'S BENCH COURT OF LONDON.

of common law throughout the kingdom. It is the remnant of the Anlia Regia, a court established by William the Conqueror, and which not only sat in his residence to whatever part of the country he removed, but court of King's Bench. By an act passed this court is very great. in the early part of the reign of George the third, it is provided that any session in the county of Middlesex began to be held on

then be in England."

Circassian, bombazets and muslin bon dering, Velvet, silk and swansdown vesting,

Tin ware, hardware, nails, glass, salt, &c. An assortment of Queensware, glass

Besides a number of other articles too numerous to mention; all of which they will sell cheap for Three Rivers, November 6, 1836.

JUST RECEIVED-50 pairs Gents fine buckle Brogs, 50 do. Navy Ties, 50 do. Van Burens, 90 do. Whigs, 50 do. Nullifiers,

Marseilles do., Canton flannel drawers, do. do. shirts, woollen do. shirts and drawers, blue blanket coats, green do. do., brown do. do., ladies' cloaks, sattinett and moleskin coats; sattinett, cloth and moleskin pants, velvet and bombazine stocks, &c.

JOHN S. BARRY.

Constantine, October 12, 1836.

FORM SCALES, are now in extensive use in all parts of the U. S.—are not liable to get out of order—occupy but little space—no expense in adjusting them—no heavy weights to handle, and are very convenient for weighing. The common complaint that platform scales vary between heavy and light draughts is in these scales completely obviated—the operation being equally certain in weighing bodies of any capacity or amount.

The subscriber has received an agency for the sale of the above article in all its varieties, and will soon be able to furnish scales to any orders with ALLEN GOODRIDGE.

LOUR .- 150 Bbls. Flour, for sale by the subscriber. I. J. ULLMANN. Constantine, May 24, 1837. 47

Treasurer of the County of St. Joseph June 8, 1837.

quarter of a century since in the case of Messrs. Hart & White, the proprietors of "The Independent Whig," a well known liberal journal of that period. These men having been convicted of a libel on the government, the court of King's Bench sentenced one of them to imprisonment in the Gloucester jail, and the other in the Dorches-The King's Bench is the supreme court of lords against the right of the court to send them to any prison out of the county of Middlesex; but the sentence of the court was affirmed. No other tribunal in the

which was presided over by persons chosen from his household for the purpose. The King's Bench, though notheld for nearly two centuries at any other place than Westminster and Guildhall, is, in consequence of the locomotive qualities of the institution which it succeeded, still capable of being removed at the pleasure of the king to any part of the country. In the year of the great plague in London, nearly two centuries ago, the King's Bench was transferred to Oxford, where it sat for a considerable time. When Edward the first conquered Scotland it followed by the side over the successors and the country of the country in the sea are tried, from high treason down to the most trifling breach of the peace. In crief of the locomotive qualities of the institution which it succeeded, still capable of being removed at the pleasure of the king to any part of the country. In the year of the great plague in London, nearly two centuries ago, the King's Bench was transferred to Oxford, where it sat for a considerable time. When Edward the first conquered time. When Edward the first conquered Scotland, it followed him to that country, and actually sat at Roxburgh. When thus removed to any other part of the kingdom, it at once absorbs or sets aside all previous In such cases the actions are called civil, commissions for holding assizes in the particular county in which it sits. It proceeds civil one, though the offences are, in point to try the cases ipso facto. There is only of fact, of a criminal nature. The number one exception to this universal power of the of cases of this class which come before

THE UNLUCKY PRESENT. A Rev. (?) minister of the church of the jail deliveries of Newgate, shall contin- Scotland, who lived within the present cenue to be held until the cases are all dispos-ed of, notwithstanding the sitting of the court of King's Bench at Westminster, or any other part of the county at that partic- cheese but their een reels." He was exular time.—In consequence of the King's tremely covetous, and that not only of nice Bench being liable to be removed to wher- articles of food, but of many other things ever the king shall be pleased to go, all the which do not generally excite the cupidity writs are returnable "wherever we shall of the human heart. The following fact is in corroboration of this assertion :- Being The King's Bench derives its name from on a visit one day at the house of one of his the circumstance of the king having been parishioners, a poor lonely widow, living in seated on a the fact as it may, it is established beyond powered by the reverend man's commenthe fact as it may, it is established beyond all question that Edward the fourth sat there three consecutive days, in the second year of his reign. The object of this youthful monarch was the praiseworthy one of a desire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in which justice was sire to witness the way in whi

administered. James the first, it is also said, sat for some time on one or two occasions along with the judges in the court of King's Bench; but as he was not allowed

superintends all civil corporations through-out the kingdom. It enforces the perform-ance of their duty on magistrates, in those

conferring this power is worded. Nor does To add to the distresses of the case, the units authority rest even here. It has the prerogative of making use of any prison in the kingdom, for the purpose of carrying ed by the beating of the sun on the metal. its views or punishments into effect; so that in point of fact, any prison in the country is same heated to his lungs, he was in the utas much its prison as that which goes by its name, and is ostensibly its prison. This was a question on which some doubts at one time existed; and it was tried about a wayfarer, there would soon be "death in the

country can bail a person sentenced to im-

abo't it; And there was he, I trow." in former times, and being still assumed to be, in the habit of sitting in it along with the judges. Some historians tell us that Henry the third repeatedly sate the Kino's Bench during the proceedings in important cases. It is added, that he sat on an elevant of the parishoners, a poor ionely widow, fiving in a moorland part of the parish, he became case, in the charms of a little cast-iron pot, which happened at the time to be standwith lost no time in seizing and having laid his head down on the analysis the Kino's poor woman's dinner and that of her child-cases. It is added, that he sat on an elevant depend to the charms of a little cast-iron pot, which happened at the time to be standwith lost no time in seizing and stockholder may vote by person or proxy, on the hearth, full of potatoes for the parishoners, a poor ionely widow, fiving in a moorland part of the parishoners, a poor ionely widow, fiving in a moorland part of the parishoners, a poor ionely widow, fiving in a moorland part of the parishoners, a poor ionely widow, fiving in a moorland part of the parishoners, a poor ionely widow, fiving in a moorland by the charms of a little cast-iron pot, which happened at the time to be stand-vii, the smith lost no time in seizing and washtenaw, at which meeting each vii, the smith lost no time in seizing and washtenaw, at which meeting each vii, the smith lost no time in seizing and having laid his head down on the analytic case. "Will I come sair as ye like," was the minister's vided, That this corporation shall not be came to with the cast of the counties of Wayne case, or to witness the process of release: and having laid his head down on the analytic case. The same that the case is a moorland part of the parishoners, a poor ione with the case. lower one at his feet. Other historians ex- earth could match it in symmetry-it was the man let fall a blow, which fortunately press doubts as to this monarch having attended in person in the King's Bench. Be sake! minister," said the widow, quite over-

memory of the parishioners of C-. Edin.

June 20, 1836.

READY MADE SUMMER CLOsican do.; Rowen do.; Mexican Pants; Cottonade do.; Rowen do.; Brown Holland Jackets; Mexican do.; Rowen do.; Brown Holland do.; Beaverteen do.; Canton Flannel Drawers; do. do.
Shirts; Bombazine Stocks; Velvet do.; Linen
Collars; Bombazine Vests; Plaid Silk do.; Silk
Velvet do.; Tabby do. do.; Stormant do.; Fancy
Marseilles do.; on the most reasonable terms, to
be had at the store of JNO. S. BARRY.

Constantine, April 12, 1837.

READY MADE CLOTHING.—
Sortment of Ready Made Clothing, consisting in
part of sattinett vests, cloth do., bombazine do.,
silk velvet do., plain silk do., storment do., fancy
Marseilles do., Canton flannel drawers, do. do.
shirts, woollen do. shirts and drawers, blue blanket cents, green de do., brown do. do. latiest
of his offences. The royal Solon was nevterm more in his element than when over head
and cars in some theological or other disputation.

By one of those fictions so numerous in
the English law, the sovereign is still, as
just stated, supposed to be present during
sittings of the King's Bench. The writs
which are issued by the court state that the
case is to be tried "before the king himself."
As this court as before mentioned, derives
its name from the assumed presence of the
king during its proceedings, it changes its
name to that of the Queen's Bench during
the ascendancy of a female. It was so
called during the reigns of Elizabeth, Mary
and Anne. The only case of perplexity

The royal Solon was neving the pot awkwardly at one side of his
mag the pot awkwardly at one side of his
mag the pot awkwardly at one side of his
mag the pot awkwardly at one side of his
mag the burthen would be greatly lightened; the
principles of natural philosophy which he
had learned at college, informing him that
the English law, the sovereign is still, as
you stant the bourthen would be greatly lightened; the
brinches Transconders of the burthen would be greatly lightened; the
brinches Transconders of the burthen when a load pressed directly an and Anne. The only case of perplexity magnificent in shape and dimensions. which ever occurred us to the designation There was at first much relief and much under which it should go, was, when Oliver | comfort in this new mode of carrying the Cromwell assumed the protectorate of Eng-land. After a great deal of discussion a-minister having taken a by-path, to escape

ance of their duty on magistrates, in those cases where the law provides no specific remedy. It can bail parties illegally committed to prison, either by the king and council, or by either house of parliament; nay, so great are its powers, that if it please, and there are instances on record in which it has done so, bail persons who have been imprisoned according to the most obvious letter and spirit of the law.

It has a special jurisdiction extending not only to all capital offences, but to misdement of the persons of every kind of a public nature, where the tendency is to a breach of the peace, or to the oppression of individuals or bodies of persons. It also possesses the

discretionary power of inflicting summary punishment in any way that it shall think it—either by fine or imprisonment, or othfit—either by fine or imprisonment, or other the ear of the utterer, but it would not tra-er "infamous punishment"—as the clause vel twelve inches farther in any direction-

The instinctive love of life, however, is omni-prevalent, and even very stupid people have been found, when put to the push by strong and imminent peril, to exhibit a degree of presence of mind, and exert a degree of energy far above what might have been expected from them, or what they were ever known to exhibit, or exert, under were ever known to exhibit, or exert, under ordinary eircumstances. So it was with the pot-ensconced minister. Pressed by the urgency of his distresses, he fortunately recollected that there was a smith's shop at the distance of about a mile across the fields, where, if he could reach it before the period of suffocation, he might possibly find relief. Deprived of his eye sight, he acted only as a man of feeling, and went on as continuely as he could with his best terms and courses whatevers and that there are continuely as a continue as a c the smith, and all the hangers-on of the smiddy, when, at length, torn and worn, faint and exhausted, blind and breathless, the unfortunate man arrived at the place and let them know (rather by signs than by words,) the circumstances of his case. In the words of an old Scottish song,-

"Out came the gudeman and high he shouted; Out came the gudewife and low she louted; And a' the town neighbours were gathered

The merriment of the company, however, soon gave way to the considerations of manity. Ludicrous as was the minister that he might continue to live. He was accordingly led into the smithy, multitudes flocking around to tender their kindest offimaid breaks the shell of a lobster, without

The Wonders of Physics .- What mere assertion will make any man believe that in one second of time, in one beat of the pendulum of a clock, a ray of light travels over 192,000 miles, and would therefore perform the tour of the world, in about the same time that it takes a human being to wink with his eyelids, and in much less than a swift runner occupies in taking a single stride. What mortal man can be made to is almost a million times larger than the earth; and that although so remote from manner, constructing the same of good us, a cannon ball shot directly towards it, hewn timber where the alluvial nature of & maintaining its full speed, would be twen- the soil renders it impracticable to construct ty years in reaching it, yet it affects the earth, by its attractions, in an inappreciable instant of time? Who would not ask for a demonstration, when told that a gnat's wing, in its ordinary flight, beats many hundred

times in a second? or, that there exists an-imated and regular organized beings, many thousands of whose bodies laid close togeth-er, would not extend an inch? But what er, would not extend an inch? But what are those to the astonishing truths which modern optical inquirers have disclosed, which teach us that every point of a medium through which a ray of light passes, is affected by a succession of periodical movements, which regularly recurring at equal intervals, no less than five hundred millions of times in a single second, that it is by the properties of the owner of any of times in a single second, that it is by the properties and occupation of the same; and if such materials, not previously taken or appropriated by the proprietors thereof, to any particular use, as may be necessary for the construction or repair of said road, be found on any unimproved land adjoining or near the same, and if the parties can not agree, or if the owner or owners of any of times in a single second, that it is by such movements, communicated to the nerves of the eye, that we see, nay more, that it is the difference in the frequency of their recurrence which affects the sense of the diversity of color; that, for instance, in Cromwell assumed the protectorate of England. After a great deal of discussion a mong the judges and others, and the proposal of various other names, it was agreed to christen it "The upper Bench."

I have already said that this was the superme court of common law. Its jurisdiction is universal. A case may be removed by a writ of certiorari, from any part of England, or it can put an end to the proceedings in any other court in the most arbitrary or summary manner. It has a sovered in the superintends all civil corporations throughout the kingdom. It enforces the perform-

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

BY AUTHORITY.

AN ACT to incorporate the Detroit, Plynand Ann Arbor Turnpike or Funber Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and

House of Representatives of the State of Michigan, That D. C. McKinstry, C. Ten Eyck, James Bucklin, John Kellogg, Eli-zer Bennett, Darius Blackman, Jonathan Shearer, Eseck Pray and Dan W. Kellogg, and such persons as may be assoc them for the purpose of constructing a tur-pike or timbered road from the city of D pike or timbered road from the city of se-troit, in the county of Wayne, to the village of Ann Arbor in the county of Washtenaw, and their successors and assigns, for the period of thirty years after the approval of this act, be and are hereby ordained, con-stituted and declared to be a body politic and corporate, under the name of the I troit, Plymouth and Ann Arbor Turnel tion of toll-gates and all toll-houses thereon.

Sec. 2. The capital stock of said compa
ny shall be one hundred thousand dollars
to consist of and be divided into two thou

sand shares, of fifty dollars each. Sec. 3. For conducting the business of said company, which shall be the construc-tion of the said turnpike or timbered road from the City of Detroit, in Wayne county, to the village of Ann Arbor in the county of Washtenaw, there shall be nine director one of whom they shall annually elect their president, who shall hold their offices for one year or until others shall be appoin in their stead. That David C. McKin Conrad Ten Eyck, James Bucklin, Jol with such an object where his head should have been, and with the feet of the pot pointing upwards like the horns of the great enemy, it was nevertheless, necessary that he should be restored to his ordinary condition if it were for no other reason than that he might continue to like the large terms of the present year. That the election of directors shall be held on the first Monday of January, at such time and place as the being first given by publication in some newspaper, printed in the counties of Wayne and Washtenaw, at which meeting each

> Sec. 4. The president and directors of said company shall be and they are hereby invested with all the privileges and powers necessary for the location, construction and keeping in repair said turnpike or timber road, not exceeding one hundred feet in width; and the said president and directors or their agents, or those with whom they may contract for making said turnible. contract for making said turnpike road, or any part of it, may enter upon and use any land which may be wanted for the site of said road, or any other purpose which is necessary in the construction or repair of said road, so soon as the amount of compensation therefor, is ascertained and tendered, as hereinafter provided.
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> Sec. 5. If said company shall not within

two years from the passage of this act com-plete the road from Detroit to Ten Byck's, and shall not within three years complete said road from Detroit to Plymouth, and believe, without demonstration, that the sun is almost a million times larger than the whole of said road in a good workmanlike

> Sec. 6. The president and directors of said company may agree with the owner or owners of any land, for earth, gravel, timber, stone, or other materials, or any artithe construction or repair of said road, for the purchase and occupation of the same; and if such materials, not previously taken immediately summon as many as may